



Jess Woods, Ada Sedova, Oscar Hernandez

Post-Bachelors Intern

Computer Science Research Group Computer Science and Mathematics Division

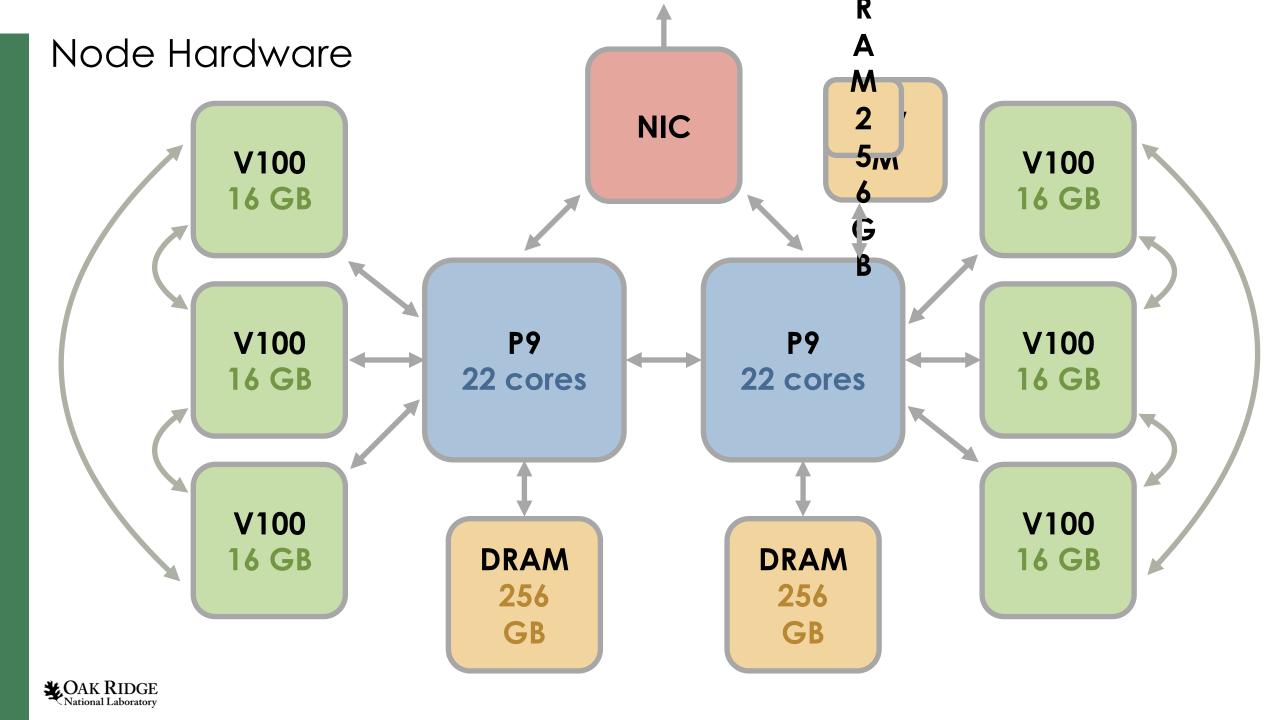
Oak Ridge, Tennessee August 26, 2020



## What is the best way to program a supercomputer?







#### Our Use Case

Library for abstract algebra operations (e.g. matrix multiplication, addition) on very big integers (up to 2^10000)

## Type of Work

- Partitioning arrays of big integers
- Data parallel work
- Reducing lists in uncommon ways

## **Big Integer Applications**

- Cosmology
- Hash tables
- Random numbers/probability simulations
- Exact precision



## Our Implementations





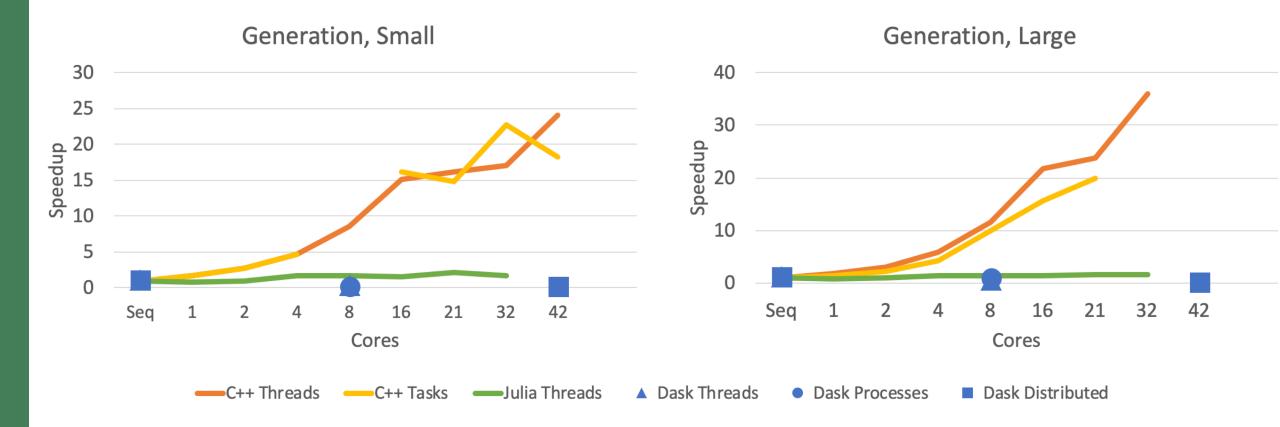




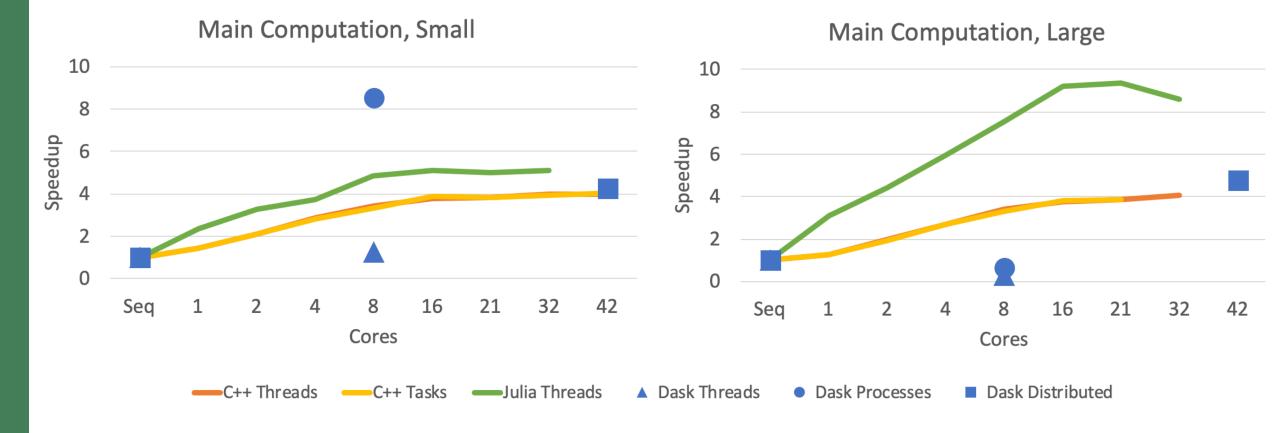


## Performance

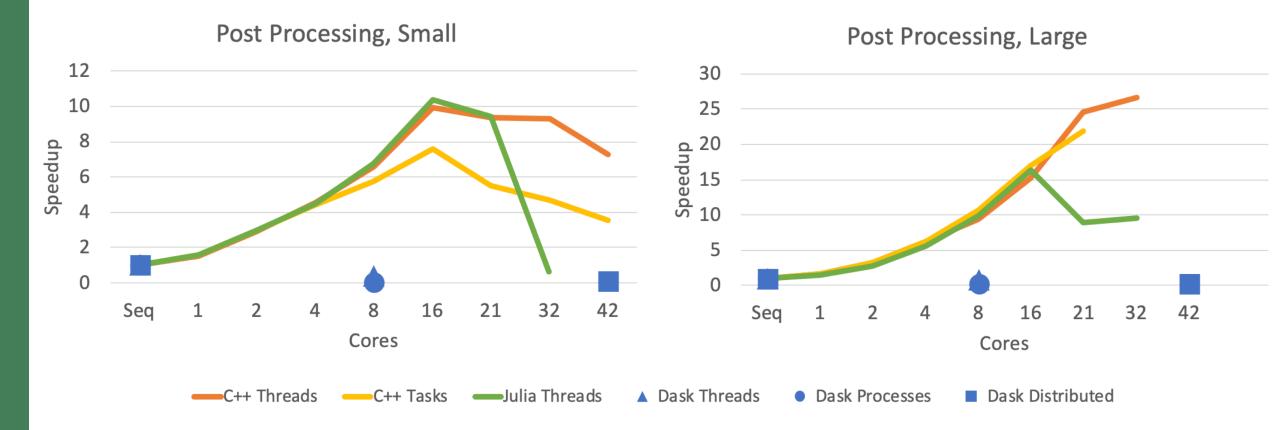
















# Portability



## Portability

```
import dask
dask.config.set(scheduler='threads')
```

#### **Python**

```
from dask.distributed import Client
if __name__ == '__main__':
    file = os.getenv('MEMBERWORK') + '/gen010/my-scheduler.json'
    client = Client(scheduler_file=file)
```

 Simple/drop-in changes for GPUs



## Portability Challenges

- POWER9 processors
- Unique supercomputer security, architecture
- Julia building and distribution issues
- Dask setup and troubleshooting issues

```
*OAK RIDGE
National Laboratory
```

```
\ensuremath{\boldsymbol{\theta}} This script allows for installing the Julia programming language runtime on \ensuremath{\boldsymbol{\theta}} OLCP systems.
             #
# Authors: Jess Woods, Matt Belhorn
                    jsrun -n1 -g1 --smpiargs="-gpu" julia myprogram.jl
  # Set user-modifiable parameters.
      # Set fixed installation parameters.
      # If a host was passed at the command line, use that to construct the prefix. 
JULIA_ROOT="${1:+/sw/${TARGET_MOST}/julia}" 
MODULE_ROOT="${1:+/sw/${TARGET_MOST}/modulefiles/core}"
      # If above root strings are null, install in an ephemeral test prefix.
JULIA_ROOT="${JULIA_ROOT:-/tmp/${USER}/opt/julia}"
MODULE_ROOT="${ULIA_ROOT:-{SULIA_ROOT}-/odulefiles/core}"
      PREFIX="\${JULIA_ROOT}/\${VERSION}"
MODULE_NAME="julia/\${VERSION}"
MODULE_FILE="\${MODULE_ROOT}/\${MODULE_NAME}.\ua"
         BUILD_DIR="/tmp/${USER}/build.julia-${VERSION}.${TARGET_HOST}"
SRC_DIR="${BUILD_DIR}/julia"
         # Verify parameters are correct before continuing.
    # Abort the install if the prefix parent dir does not already exist when not a building a test deployment ext "building a test deployment ext" ]] && [ 1 - d "%[JULIA_ROOTW/julia]" ]; then eche "iws BRORNE Directory '$[JULIA_ROOTW/julia]' does not exist." eche " Is the target host correct" [" "g0" = "$ASAS_SOURCE"] ] & doe wit 1 [" return 1
         echo " WARNING: DO NOT RUN THIS SCRIPT UNATTENDED"
echo " This script requires interactive input'
read -p "Are the above values correct? (y/ln)) " -n 1 -r echo # (optional) move to a new line [f [: $REPY -> 'Tyls]]; then a handle exits from shell or function but don't exit interactive shell [1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.58 - $1.5
    # Perform the build
      \# Capture the specific gcc module used to set as a hard dependency in the modulefile. GCC_DEPENDS="$(module -t list gcc)"
# Setup the build directory and sources.

# MUST be built in tmp - building in home or proj causes issues
makeir -p° ${001LD_ORP}^*
BUILD_DATE**{$\subseteq \text{Log} \text{Log
    echo "\Rightarrow Beginning build of Julia v${VERSION} at ${BUILD_DATE}" | tee "${LOG_FILE}" echo "\Rightarrow Build environment:" | tee = "${LOG_FILE}" module - "redirect - tist | tee = "${LOG_FILE}"
cat <<EOF > ${SRC_DIR}/Make.user
USE_BINARYBUILDER=0
             JOSE_DIMONIODIEDEN=0
SCCPATH=${OLCF_GCC_ROOT}/\lib64
.DFLAGS += -L${OLCF_GCC_ROOT}/\lib64 -W\,-rpath,${OLCF_GCC_ROOT}/\lib64
                           echo "=> ...Done!" | tee -a "${LOG FTLE}"
                           echo "=> Sources already exist at '${SRC DIR}'." | tee -a "${LOG FILE}'
               echo "=> Starting install stage." | tee -a "${LOG_FILE}"
make VERBOSE=1 prefix=${PREFIX} install | tee -a "${LOG_FILE}"
             # Generate the modulefile
# FINME - Block/prompt user if modulefile already exists before overwritting,
# val "aske print-JULIA_VERSION"
cho ">> Generating modulefile" | tee -a "${LOG_FILE}"
mddir -p "${MODULE_FILE\"}"
         Cat <aCOP > %pHONULE_fILE)*
whatis("Name : Julia St(VERSEON")
whatis("Short of the first on : The Julia programming language.")
whatis("Short of the first on : The Julia programming language.")
whotis("The Julia programming language."))
depends_on("s(GCC_DEPENDS)")
aduys_load'(ccake)*
progend_path'entire_s("PERIONE")
progend_path'entir_s("PERIONE")

### The Programming language is a support of the support of
                  # Install base extensions.

echo "so Installing base extensions" | tee -a "$(LOG_FILE)"

co" $(MPERZA)/EDIP

./julia -e 'using Pigg Pkg.API.precompile(); Pkg.add("MPI"); Pkg.add("CUDA")' | tee -a "$(LOG_FILE)"

./julia -e 'using Pkg; Pkg.API.precompile(); Pkg.add("MPI"); Pkg.add("CUDA")' | tee -a "$(LOG_FILE)"
                      CO "${PRETIA}/DIN"
./julia -e 'using Pkg; Pkg.API.precompile(); Pkg.add("MPI"); Pkg.add("CUDA")' | tee -a "${LOG_FILE}"
           echo "==> Build finished successfully" | tee -a "${LOG_FILE}"
cp "${LOG_FILE}" "${PREFIX}/build.${BUILD_DATE}.log"
```



# Programmability



## Programmability

#### **Python**

- Everyone inside/outside
   CS already knows it
- High-productivity
- Requires outside libraries (Dask, sympy, gmpy2)
- Dask requires experimentation

#### **C++**

- Compiles to efficient C
- Requires CS knowledge
- Time consuming finetuning
- Race conditions and big number stack size issues

#### Julia

- New, unknown
- High-productivity
- Python like syntax
- Built-in constructs for parallelism, distribution, big number handling, and more!



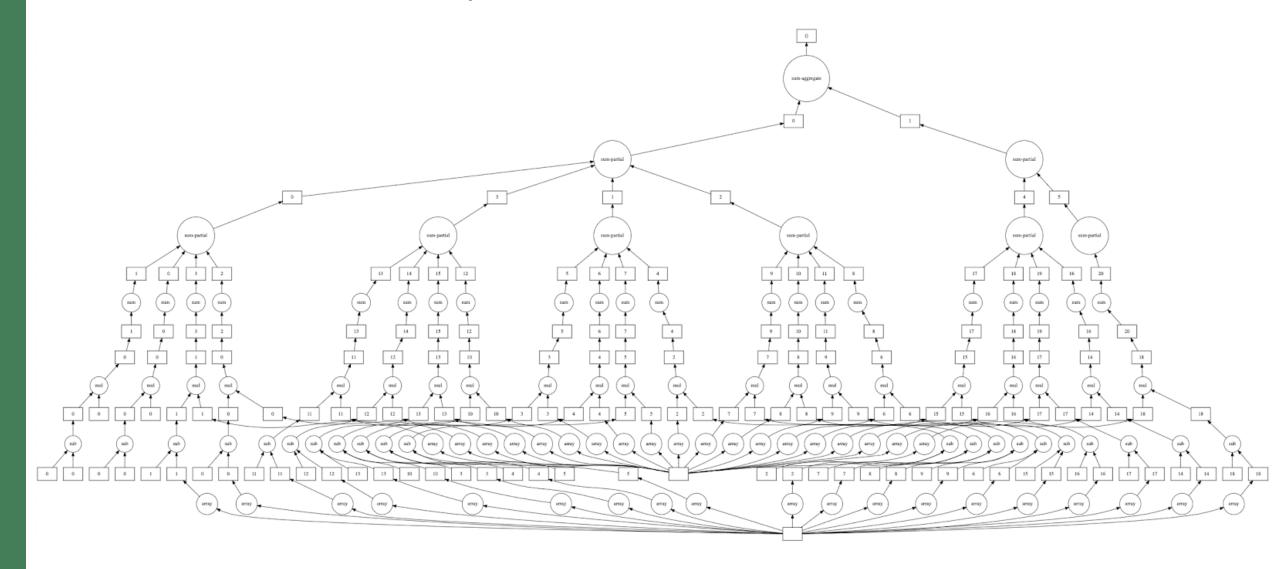
## Programmability Challenges

- Holding and processing big integers
  - Outside libraries vs native structures
- How to schedule "tasks"

Inefficient Dask Task Graph



## Efficient Dask Task Graph





## Code Comparison

```
m_xi = [mj*xij for mj,xij in zip(m,xi)]
bi_ii = [bij*iij for bij,iij in zip(bi,ii)]
b_x = [bj*xj for bj,xj in zip(b,x)]

big_sum = sum(m_xi) + sum(bi_ii) + sum(b_x)
c = modNear(big_sum,self.x0)
return c
Python
```

```
Threads.@threads for i = 1:\
    m_xi[i] = (xi_Chi[i] - xi_deltas[i])*m[i]
    bi_ii[i] = (ii_Chi[i] - ii_deltas[i])*bi[i]
end
Threads.@threads for i = 1:tau
    b_x[i] = (x_Chi[i] - x_deltas[i])*b[i]
end

big_sum::BigInt = reduce(+,m_xi) + reduce(+,b_x) + reduce(+,bi_ii)
return mod_near(big_sum,x0)
```



```
#pragma omp parallel
#pragma omp for nowait
    for (int i = 0; i < p_l; i++)
        //m*xi
        m_xi[i] = m[i]*xi[i];
        //bi*ii
        mpz_class lb = power(-2,p_alphai);
        mpz_class ub = power(2,p_alphai);
        mpz class bi = p class state.get z range(ub-lb);
        bi = bi + lb;
        bi_ii[i] = bi*ii[i];
//b*x
#pragma omp for
    for (int i = 0; i < p tau; i++)
        mpz_class\ lb = power(-2, p_alpha);
        mpz_class ub = power(2,p_alpha);
        mpz_class b = p_class_state.get_z_range(ub-lb);
        b = b + lb;
        b_x[i] = b*x[i];
} // end omp region
//summation
mpz_class big_sum = sum_array(m_xi) + sum_array(bi_ii) + sum_array(b_x);
mpz_class c = modNear(big_sum, p_x0);
return c:
```

#### Useful and Fun Julia Constructs

- Dynamic, high-level syntax
- JIT compilation
- Optional typing, type inference
- Simple core, easy to learn, free and open-source
- Function closures
- C and Fortran calling
- Metaprogramming
- Array broadcasting
- Built-in parallelism, distributed computing



## Julia Example

```
function generate(array::Array{Int64,1})
  m = array .+ 1
  Multiply = function(x)
    return x ** m
  end
  Add = function(x)
    return x .+ m
  end
  return Multiply, Add
end
```

```
\Rightarrow array = [0,1,2]
3-element Array{Int64,1}:
▶ M,A = generate(array)
(var"#5#7"{Array{Int64,1}}([1, 2, 3]), var"#6#8"
{Array{Int64,1}}([1, 2, 3]))
→ M(2)
3-element Array{Int64,1}:
 6
→ A(7)
3-element Array{Int64,1}:
  8
 10
→ A(M(0))
3-element Array{Int64,1}:
```

## Summary

	Python	C++	Julia
Performance	Overhead causes ~10x slow down	Excellent	Comparable to C++
Scalability	Good, Variable on different operations	Excellent, Requires fine-tuning	Excellent, Unpredictable garbage collector
Portability	One-line scheduler conversion	One-line, Requires MPI for distribution	Simple, Distributed memory requires code changes
Runs on Summit	Mostly	Yes	Yes, with comprises
Programmability	Excellent	More complicated for non-CS people	Straightforward, but new



#### Conclusion

- First parallel and fastest implementation
- First to incorporate both theoretical improvements
- Implementations available on <u>github.com/jkwoods</u>

- Python is workable
- C++ is classic
- Julia is very cool and overlooked

